MOOD DISORDERS (OTHER THAN DYSTHYMIA)
(DYSTHYMIA HAS ALREADY BEEN CODED IN MODULE B. IF NO OTHER MOOD SYNDROMES, SKIP TO NEXT MODULE.)

IF: THERE HAS NEVER BEEN A **MAJOR DEPRESSIVE EPISODE** (B.4), **MANIC OR HYPOMANIC EPISODE** (B.6 OR B.10), **OR** IF ALL MOOD SYNDROMES OCCURRED ONLY AS PART OF **SCHIZOAFFECTIVE DISORDER** (D. 2),
CHECK HERE _____ AND SKIP TO ***ANXIETY DISORDERS***, F.1

IF: NO MANIC OR UNEQUIVOCAL HYPOMANIC EPISODE EVER,
CHECK HERE _____ AND SKIP TO ***MAJOR DEPRESSIVE DISORDER***, E. 4

BIPOLAR I DISORDER CRITERIA

At least one manic episode

? 1 3

Note: Manic Episodes that are clearly precipitated by somatic antidepressant treatment (e.g., medication, ECT, light therapy) should not count toward a diagnosis of Bipolar I Disorder.

Go to ***Bipolar II Disorder* E. 2**

At least one manic episode is not superimposed on Schizophrenia, Schizophreniform Disorder, Delusional Disorder, or Psychotic Disorder NOS.

? 1 3

Go to ***Other Bipolar Disorder* E.3**

BIPOLAR I DISORDER

Indicate type of current (or most recent) episode:

1 - Manic
2 - Mixed (i.e., for every day during at least a one-week period, the criteria for a Major Depressive Episode [except for duration] and a Manic Episode are both met)
3 - Hypomanic
4 - Major Depressive
5 - Unspecified (i.e., currently or most recent meets criteria for a Manic, Hypomanic, or Major Depressive Episode except for duration

GO TO ***Rapid Cycling*** E.3

BIPOLAR II DISORDER CRITERIA

At least one hypomanic episode.

? 1 3

Note: Hypomanic episodes that are clearly precipitated by somatic antidepressant treatment should not count toward a diagnosis of Bipolar II Disorder.

Go to ***Other Bipolar Disorder* E.3**

One or more Major Depressive Episodes

? 1 3

Go to ***Other Bipolar Disorder* E.3**

At least one Hypomanic and at least one Major Depressive Episode is <u>not</u> superimposed on Schizophrenia, Schizophreniform Disorder, Delusional Disorder, or Psychotic Disorder NOS.
Note: If disturbance is NOT superimposed on these diagnoses, code "3".

? 1 3

Go to ***Other Bipolar Disorder* E.3**

BIPOLAR II DISORDER

Indicate type of current (or most recent) episode:

1 - Hypomanic
2 - Major Depressive

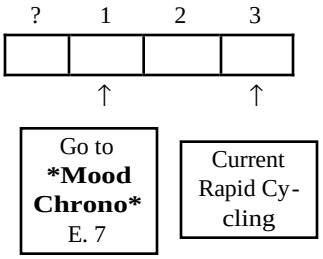
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RAPID CYCLING

Have you ever had a time when you went from being very hyper and high, to very sad and down, and back again, over and over?

IF UNCLEAR: Did this time of going back and forth with feeling very high and very sad last for 8 weeks?

8 total weeks where the mood was rapidly alternating from pole to pole. Severity comparable to mania or depression.



OTHER BIPOLAR DISORDERS

Indicate type:

1 -Cyclothymic Disorder:

A. For **at least two years** (**one year** for children or adolescents), presence of numerous periods of hypomanic symptoms and numerous periods of depressed mood or loss of interest that did not meet criteria for a Major Depressive Episode

B. During the above **two-year period (one year in children or adolescents)**, the person has not been without the symptoms in A **for more than two months** at a time

C. No clear evidence of a Manic or Major Depressive Episode **during the first two years** of the disturbance

2 - Intermittent hypomanic episodes

3 - Manic or hypomanic episode superimposed on Schizophrenia, Schizophreniform Disorder, Delusional Disorder, or Psychotic Disorder NOS

CHECK HERE _____ IF PRESENT IN LAST MONTH;
GO TO ***Anxiety Disorders*** F. 1

*MAJOR DEPRESSIVE DISORDER

MAJOR DEPRESSIVE DISORDER CRITERIA

One or more Major Depressive Episodes

? 1 3

Go to ***Anxiety Disorders* F.1**

At least one Major Depressive Episode is not superimposed on Schizophrenia, Schizophreniform Disorder, Delusional Disorder, or Psychotic Disorder NOS
Note: If disturbance is NOT superimposed on one of these diagnoses, code "3".

? 1 3

Go to ***Other Depressive Disorder*** E.5

MAJOR DEPRESSIVE DISORDER

Indicate type:

1 Single Episode

2 - Recurrent (i.e., to be considered separate episodes, there must be an interval of **at least two months** without significant symptoms of depression)

GO TO ***MOOD CHRONOLOGY*** E. 6

OTHER DEPRESSIVE DISORDERS

Indicate type:

1 Postpsychotic depression of schizophrenia:a Major Depressive Episode occurring during the residual phase of Schizophrenia

2 - Major Depressive Episode superimposed on Delusional Disorder, or Psychotic Disorder NOS

3 - Premenstrual dysphoric disorder: in most menstrual cycles **during the past year**, symptoms (e.g., markedly depressed mood, marked anxiety, marked affective lability, decreased interest in activities) regularly occurred **during the last week of the luteal phase** (and remitted **within a few days** of the onset of menses). These symptoms must be severe enough to markedly interfere with work, school, or usual activities and entirely absent for at least one week post-menses.

4 - Minor depressive disorder: a disorder with episodes of **two weeks** of depressive symptoms but with **fewer than the five** items required for Major Depressive Disorder.

5 - Recurrent brief depressive disorder: a disorder with depressive episodes lasting from **2 days up to two weeks**, occurring **at least once a month for 12 months** (not associated with the menstrual cycle).

CHECK HERE _____ IF PRESENT IN LAST MONTH;
GO TO ***Anxiety Disorders*** F. 1

MOOD CHRONOLOGY

IF UNCLEAR: During the past month, have you had (DEPRESSIVE OR MANIC SXS CODED "3")?

Has met symptomatic criteria for manic syndrome (criteria A and B) or depressive syndrome in the past month.

NOTE: If there has been a previous major Mood Disorder (i.e., Major Depression or Bipolar Disorder), then the current episode need not meet full criteria.

? 1 3

When was the last time you had (EITHER DEPRESSED MOOD, OR EUPHORIC OR IRRITABLE MOOD) (i.e., most recent episode)?

Number of months prior to interview when last had persistently depressed, or euphoric or irritable mood ____ ____ ____

SUBCLASSIFICATION OF CURRENT PARTIAL OR FULL REMISSION:

IF BIPOLAR DISORDER:

6 - In Partial Remission: Full criteria were previously, but are not currently, met; some signs or symptoms of the disturbance have persisted.

7 - In Full Remission: During the past two months no significant signs or symptoms of the disturbance.

IF MAJOR DEPRESSION:

6 -In Partial Remission: Intermediate between "In Full Remission" and "Mild,", **AND** no previous Dysthymia. (If Major Depressive Episode was superimposed on Dysthymia, the diagnosis of Dysthymia alone is given once the condition has returned to baseline Dysthymia.)

7 - In Full Remission: During the past six months no significant signs or symptoms of the disturbance. (Note: Symptoms of Dysthymia may be present.)

GO TO ***Anxiety Disorders*,** F. 1

CONTINUE NEXT PAGE

SUBCLASSIFICATION OF CURRENT EPISODE (WORST WEEK PAST MONTH):
(Additional questions regarding impairment may be necessary.)

IF MOST RECENT EPISODE IS HYPOMANIC, MANIC OR MIXED:

1 - Mild: Meets minimum symptom criteria for a manic or hypomanic episode (or a new episode that almost meets symptom criteria if has had a previous manic episode).

2 - Moderate: Extreme increase in activity or impairment in judgment.

3 - Severe, but without psychotic features: Almost continual supervision is required in order to prevent physical harm to self or others.

4 - Mood-congruent psychotic features: Delusions or hallucinations whose content is entirely consistent with the typical manic themes of inflated worth, power, knowledge, identity, or special relationship to a deity or famous person.

5 - Mood-incongruent psychotic features: Either (a) or (b):

(a) Delusions or hallucinations whose content does not involve the typical manic themes of inflated worth, power, knowledge, identity, or special relationship to a deity or famous person. Included are such symptoms as persecutory delusions, thought insertion, and delusions of being controlled.

(b) Any catatonic symptoms, e.g., stupor, mutism, negativism, or posturing.

IF MOST RECENT EPISODE IS DEPRESSED:

1 - Mild: Few, if any, symptoms in excess of those required to make the diagnosis **AND** symptoms result in only minor impairment in occupational functioning or in usual social activities or relationships with others (**OR** subthreshold recurrence of Major Depression).

2 - Moderate: Symptoms or functional impairment intermediate between “mild” and “severe”.

3 - Severe, but without psychotic features: Several symptoms in excess of those required to make the diagnosis **AND** symptoms markedly interfere with occupational functioning or with usual social activities or relationships with others.

4 - Mood-congruent psychotic features: Delusions or hallucinations whose content is entirely consistent with the typical depressive themes of personal inadequacy, guilt, disease, death, nihilism, or deserved punishment.

5 - Mood-incongruent psychotic features: Delusions or hallucinations whose content does not involve typical depressive themes of personal inadequacy, guilt, disease, death, nihilism, or deserved punishment/ Included here are such symptoms as persecutory delusions, thought insertion, thought broadcasting, and delusions of control.

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?=inadequate information 1=absent or false 2=subthreshold 3=threshold or true